

Teach reading: change lives

Parent workshop: Phonics and early reading

A COMPLETE PHONICS RESOURCE TO SUPPORT CHILDREN









A love of reading is the biggest indicator of future academic success.

OECD (The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)



How many times have you already read today?

















Phonics

Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised





Our school has chosen

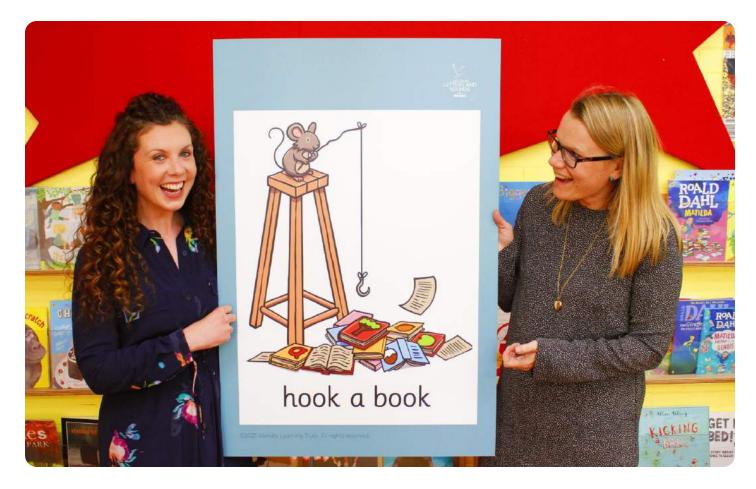
Little Wandle Letters and

Sounds Revised as our

systematic, synthetic phonics

(SSP) programme to teach

early reading and spelling.









Phonics is:

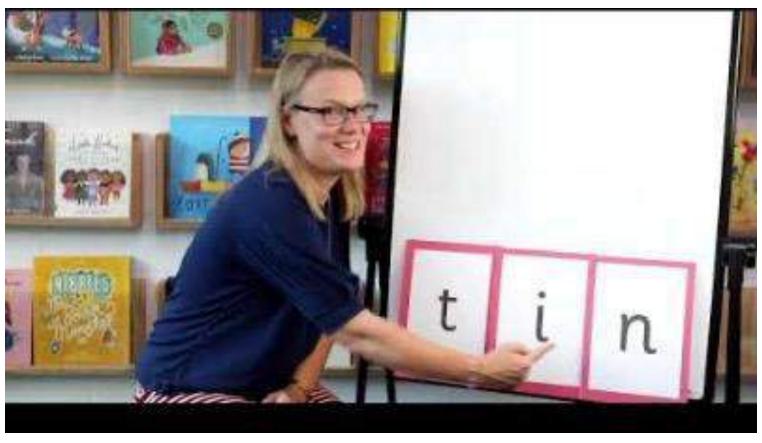
making connections between the sounds of our spoken words and the letters that are used to write them down.



Blending to read words







Terminology





Phoneme

Grapheme

Digraph

Trigraph

Split vowel digraph

Blend

Segment

Phoneme

The smallest unit of sound that can be identified in words. We sometimes simply call this a 'sound', although it is helpful for children to use the term 'phoneme' from the beginning of our programme. (Note: We do not usually notice discrete sounds in words. We deliberately separate them out so that children can learn how our writing-reading system works. Children are first helped to identify the separate sounds in words through oral blending and segmenting, and this is reinforced as they begin to work through our systematic synthetic phonics programme.)

Grapheme

A letter or group of letters used to represent a particular phoneme when writing. With children, we sometimes call this 'a sound written down', although, as with 'phoneme', it is helpful for children to learn to use the correct term from the beginning. The way graphemes are used to represent phonemes in our written language is known as the 'alphabetic code'.



How to pronounce the sounds....

 To ensure you are pronouncing the sounds correctly, please use this link to Little Wandle website:

 https://www.littlewandlelettersa ndsounds.org.uk/resources/myletters-and-sounds/engagingparents/



Grapheme and mnemonic	Pronunciation phrase	Phase 5 Graphemes
S	Show your teeth and let the s hiss out \$55555 \$55555	c se ce st sc
n	Open your lips a bit; put your tongue behind your teeth and make the nnnn sound nnnnn .	kn gn
m	Put your lips together and make the mammm sound mammm	mb

How to say the Phase 3 sounds

Grapheme	Catchphrase	Pronunciation phrase	Grapheme	Catchphrase	Pronunciation phrase
ai	tail in the rain	Open your mouth wide and say at at at	00	hook a book	Pucker your lips and keep them small as you say on on on
		de la constante de la constant	1		- Constitution of the Cons



Teaching order





Picture card	Pronunciation phrase	Formation phrase
Snake	Show your teeth and and let the s hiss out sssss ssssss	Under the snake's chin, slide down and round its tail.
	Open your mouth wide and make the 'a' sound at the back of your mouth a a a	Around the astronaut's helmet, and down into space.
astronaut	Open your lips; put the tip of your tongue behind your teeth and press ttt	From the tiger's nose to its tail, then follow the stripe across the tiger.
tiger	Bring your lips together and push them open and say p p p	Down the penguin's back, up and round its head.
penguin	pull your lips back and make the 'i' sound at the back of your mouth III	Down the iguana's body, then draw a dot (on the leaf) at the top.
	astronaut tiger	Show your teeth and and let the shiss out ssssss ssssss Open your mouth wide and make the 'a' sound at the back of your mouth a a a Open your lips; put the tip of your tongue behind your teeth and press ttt Bring your lips together and push them open and say p p p penguin pull your lips back and make the 'i' sound at the back of your mouth

Grapheme and mnemonic	Picture card	Pronunciation phrase	Formation phrase
j		Pucker your lips and show your teeth use your tongue as you say j j j	All the way down the jellyfish. Dot on its head.
₩ V	jellyfish Volgano	Put your teeth against your bottom lip and make a buzžing vvvv vvvv	Down to the bottom of the volcano, and back up to the top.
W W	Voicano	Pucker your lips and keep them small as you say w w w	From the top of the wave to the bottom, up the wave, down the wave, then up again.
Y Y	Wave	Mouth open then push the cs/x sound through as you close your mouth cs cs cs (x x x)	Start at the top, then across to the bottom of the box. Start at the top, then across to the bottom of the box.

Gradually your child learns the entire alphabetic code:





Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised 2021: Programme progression Reception and Year 1 overviews

This programme overview shows the progression of GPCs and tricky words that we teach term-by-term. The progression has been organised so that children are taught from the simple to more complex GPCs, as well as taking into account the frequency of their occurrence in the most commonly encountered words. All the graphemes taught are practised in words, sentences, and later on, in fully decodable books. Children review and revise GPCs and words, daily, weekly and across terms and years, in order to move this knowledge into their long term memory.

Children need to learn to read as quickly as reasonably possible, so they can move from learning to read, to reading to learn, giving them access to the treasure house of reading. Our expectations of progression are aspirational yet achievable if schools maintain pace, practice and participation by all children. Children who are not keeping-up with their peers should be given additional practice immediately through keep-up sessions.

Reception

Autumn 1 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words		
satpinmdgockckeurhbfl	is I the		

Autumn 2 Phase 2 graphemes	New tricky words
ff ll ss j v w x y z zz qu ch sh th ng nk words with —s /s/ added at the end (hats sits) words ending —s /z/ (his) and with —s /z/ added at the end (bags)	put* pull* full* as and has his her go no to into she push* he of we me be

*The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

Spring 1 Phase 3 graphemes	New tricky words		
ai ee igh oa oo oo ar or ur ow oi ear air er • words with double letters	was you they my by all are sure pure		

Spring 2 Phase 3 graphemes	No new tricky words	
Review Phase 3 longer words, including those with double letters words with —s z in the middle words with —es z at the end words with —s s and z at the end	Review all taught so far	

٠,	ľn	O	- 1	

Autumn 1	Review tricky words Phases 2—4		
Review Phase 3 and 4 Phase 5 /ai/ ay play /ow/ ou cloud /oi/ oy toy /ea/ ea each	Phases 2—4: the put* pull* full* push* to into I no go of he she we me be was you they all are my by sure pure said have like so do some come love were there little one when out what says here today		

*The tricky words 'put', 'pull', 'full' and 'push' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, they should not be treated as such.

Autumn 2 Phase 5 graphemes	New tricky words
/ur/ ir bird /igh/ ie pie /oo/ /yoo/ ue blue rescue	their people oh your Mr Mrs Ms ask* could would should our
/yoo/ u unicorn /oa/ o go /iqh/ i tiger	house mouse water want
lail a paper leel e he	
/ai/ a-e shake /igh/ i-e time /oa/ o-e home	
lool lyool u-e rude cute leel e-e these	
lool Iyool ew chew new leel ie shield Iorl aw claw	

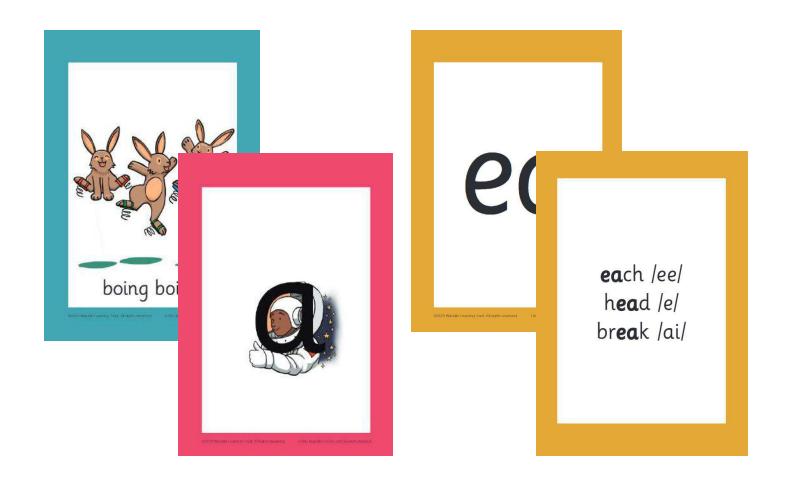
*The tricky word 'ask' may not be tricky in some regional pronunciations; in which case, it should not be treated as such.

Spring 1 Phase 5 graphemes New tricky words

How we make learning stick









the



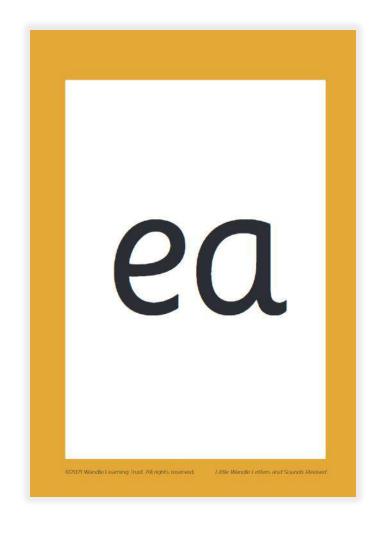


Reading and spelling









each /ee/ head /e/ break /ai/

And all the different ways to write the phoneme sh:



shell
chef
special

caption
mansion
passion

Tricky words







Spelling





- Say the word.
- Segment the sounds.
- Count the sounds.
- Write them down.



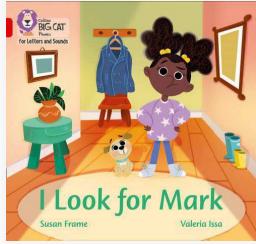


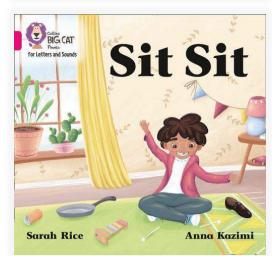




Reading practice sessions are:

- timetabled three times a week
- taught by a trained teacher/teaching assistant
- taught in small groups.







We use assessment to match your child the right level of book





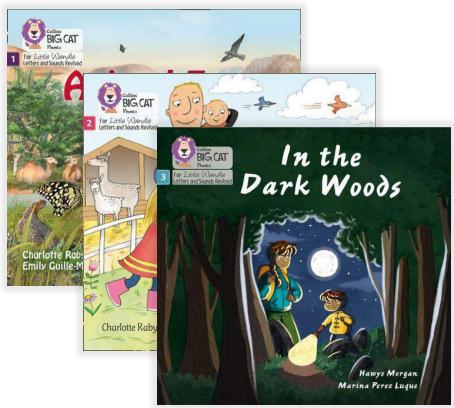
Little	Wandle	Letters	and	Sounds	Revised	Reception
Child	assessm	ent				•

Autumn 1

m	a	р	С	0
S	9	k	u	h
i	t	n	r	f
d	ck	е	b	Ļ

hug red pe<u>ck</u> sat man





Reading a book at the right level





This means that your child should:

- Know all the sounds and tricky words in their phonics book well
- Read many of the words by silent blending (in their head) – their reading will be automatic
- Only need to stop and sound out about 5% of the words by the time they bring the book home – but they should be able to do this on their own.







Reading at home

The most important thing you can do is read with your child





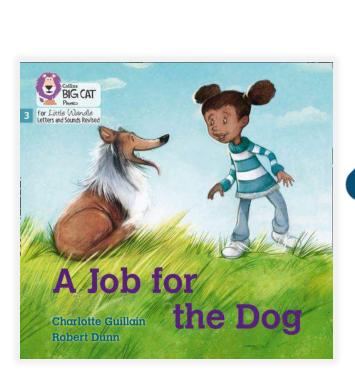
Reading a book and chatting had a positive impact a year later on children's ability to...

- understand words and sentences
- use a wide range of vocabulary
- develop listening comprehension skills.

The amount of books children were exposed to by age 6 was a positive predictor of their reading ability two years later.



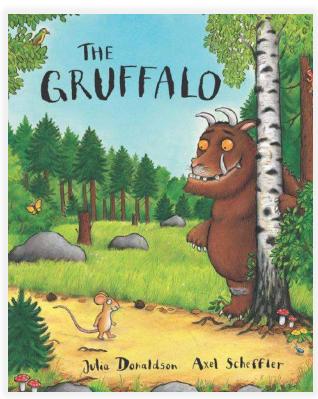
Books going home













Listening to your child read their phonics book

- Your child should be able to read their book without your help.
- If they can't read a word read it to them.
- Talk about the book and celebrate their success.



Supporting your child with phonics







Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 1



Phase 2 sounds taught in Reception Autumn 2



Phase 3 sounds taught in Reception Spring 1







The shared book is for YOU to read:

- Make the story sound as exciting as you can by changing your voice.
- Talk with your child as much as you can:
 - Introduce new and exciting language
 - Encourage your child to use new vocabulary
 - Make up sentences together
 - Find different words to use
 - Describe things you see.









One of the greatest gifts adults can give is to read to children

Carl Sagan

